

GERMAN NEWS THE HIDE-OUT OF GUNS

DIVE RUSSIAN FROM SIBERIA

What Japan's Latest Demands Would Mean.
Soviet Leaders Make Firm Objection.
Vladivostok, April 27.—An aftermath of the first session of the Russo-Japanese Commission for the liquidation of the events of April 4 and 5, when the Japanese took possession of Vladivostok, has been the publication in the newspapers of the demands by the Japanese Government on the Provisional Government that Russian armed forces, of whatever political party, must evacuate a thirty-mile zone wherever Japanese troops are stationed in Siberia. These demands were made at the beginning of the session, and it was asked that they be kept secret, but M. Viskvitzky, special Soviet Commissioner, gave them out to the press.
Publication of the demands brought out a lively statement from the Japanese Command, that in view of the publication the Russians were giving the proceedings of the Commission, it was necessary to state the Japanese version of the events in Siberia since the formation of the Provisional Government. The statement places responsibility on the Russian Provisional Government, which, it says, has not been willing to co-operate with the Japanese forces for the evacuation of the zone. The new Japanese demands "frankly mean liquidation of the Russian armed forces in the Far East," it says. The reply of the Russian Commission to the Japanese demands is that the Russian forces are being withdrawn, which evacuation in some districts has already been announced.

DECLARE ALIES JUSTIFIED IN DISTRUSTING GERMAN
German Socialist Organ Says Gov't Knew of Illegal Hiding of Guns
France to Quit Frankfurt When Huns Obey—Invite to Spa Pleases

(A. P. Special Cable.)
Berlin, April 28.—An article commencing on the discovery by the Economic Control Commission of 366 guns in Berlin, the Independent Socialist organ, the Freiheit, says the government was discredited at a Cabinet meeting which General von Seeckt, the chief of staff, declared that this "movement" of guns which were stored for non-combat use, was a "deliberate act of knowledge and approval" by the military authorities. "This statement," says the paper, "is very astonishing. Under the Treaty of Versailles, Germany is allowed only 105 guns, and it is not possible to hide the rest of the guns." The article also mentions the discovery of 100 guns in the city of Frankfurt.
BRUSSELS WHEN HUNS OBEY.
Paris, April 28.—Premier Millerand, in making a declaration to the Chamber of Deputies to-day on the results of the Supreme Council meeting at Spa, said that the French and Belgian (territories) would be evacuated by the French as soon as the Allied conference had established that the German armed forces were in full compliance with the convention of August, 1919, had been withdrawn.

Is Decidedly Opposed to Single Tax Measure

In the opinion of City Clerk S. H. Kent, Premier Drury is announcing that he would introduce a bill favoring what virtually amounts to the single tax system, is taking a retrograde step and one that at best can only serve to embarrass the present Ontario Assessment Act, than which the Kent believes there is no better in force anywhere.
After the severe experience which municipalities in Western Canada had with the single tax venture, it is thought that Ontario Government would be making a costly mistake in approving such legislation as Premier Drury says will press for the municipalities to take on the single tax.
The Ontario Assessment Act, which is the present state of perfection only after years of careful construction, is a result of the growth, and much experience counsel went into making. I feel it would be a great pity to enact legislation that would undo the work of the present act, single tax has many, many times been exploded as an imprudent and unwise experiment, severely further than there have been many instances, although number of which are not known, of municipalities that have failed miserably in their attempt to enforce the single tax, should it pass, the Legislature, majority of its ratifiers approve of it.
Several other civic officials have expressed similar opinions. The rate held by Mr. Kent, the Canadian Municipal Association, has been approved by the Premier's bill, and states that the experience of many municipalities in Western Canada should be enough to defeat the measure.

FOR FROZEN PIPES \$10,000 ESTATES

Landlord Seeks Damages From Tenant.
Twenty years were disposed of this morning by Judge Gault in first division court. The Judge returned from two weeks' morning trip last night.
Judgment was reserved in the action of Littleton vs. the defendant, who was a house he rented from the defendant on February 11. His lease was for one year, and he was to pay \$100 per month. The defendant, who was a house he rented from the defendant on February 11. His lease was for one year, and he was to pay \$100 per month. The defendant, who was a house he rented from the defendant on February 11. His lease was for one year, and he was to pay \$100 per month.

TO GOVERN RENTS

Detroit Tenants Appeal for Special Law.
Detroit, April 28.—A Detroit tenement league sent a petition to the Detroit City Council, asking that a special law be passed to govern rents. The petition says that the rent is too high, and that the tenants are being forced to pay more than they can afford. The league is asking for a law that will limit the rent to a reasonable amount.

WIFE OF CRIME TRACEABLE TO THE HOME LIFE

Words, Wife, Home, Mother Are Lining Their Sacred Meaning.
BISHOP TO LADIES
Right Rev. W. R. Clark, D.D., Bishop of the Diocese of Niagara, opened the afternoon meeting of the Niagara Diocesan Board of the Women's Auxiliary to the M. & C. C. in Christ's Church Cathedral schoolroom yesterday, and addressed the ladies, of whom there were a large number present. It was a meeting for more than once each year for mutual communion, and to strengthen the friendship between the churches and the diocese. And I thank you greatly for the words which you have given me in supplying funds for the women's work. I had hoped to be able to tell you that the work was so large that it was necessary, but owing to the increase in the cost of living, the minimum salary has been raised to \$1,200. It is impossible to do more for the women's work. I have, however, \$500 left in balance for next year.

COAL DIGGERS REFUSE OFFER

New York, April 27.—The General Scale Committee of the Anthracite Miners' Association, at a meeting to-day, rejected the counter-offer of the operators covering their wage demands.
The operators, it was learned, offered a 10 per cent. increase in wages, but the miners refused the offer. The miners' association said that the offer was not acceptable, and that they would continue their strike.
The strike of the miners has been a long one, and it has caused a great deal of trouble for the coal industry. The miners are demanding a 15 per cent. increase in wages, and they are also demanding a shorter work day.

AN EX-PRISONER ON THE LOOSE TO KILL

John H. Smith, a former convict, was arrested yesterday by the police. He was charged with the murder of a woman. Smith was a well-known figure in the underworld, and he had a long record of crime. He was arrested after a long search by the police. He is now in custody, and he will be tried for the murder.

BERTHS COME HIGH

Advance Goes Into Effect Next Month.
Local business officials announced this morning that on May 1 a general increase of about 20 per cent. for the lower berths will go into effect in the United States. The increase is expected to be a result of the increase in the cost of living. The increase will affect all the lower berths in the United States.

PRIED OFF BOARDS

Robbers Gained Entrance to Frame House.
A robbery was committed in a frame house in the city. The robbers gained entrance to the house and stole a large amount of money and jewelry. The police are now searching for the robbers.

FIND MURDERER OF PONTIAC GIRL

Flint Man Confesses to the Killing.
Says Girl Asked Him to Kill Her.
(Canadian Press Wire.)
Pontiac, Mich., April 28.—Anson Best, formerly of Flint, Mich., confessed early this morning, according to Prosecutor Glenn C. Gillespie, that he killed Miss Vera Schneider, 15-year-old telephone operator, whose body was found early Sunday morning on the porch of an unoccupied dwelling here.

CONSIDERING LABOR LAWS AT OTTAWA

Above photograph shows some of the delegates of the Dominion and various Provinces representing the Government, employers, and Labor of the Dominion. These shown are, top row, left to right: Tom Moore, President of the Dominion Trade Union Congress; F. A. Adams, Deputy Minister of Labor; J. G. Morris, Secretary of the Employers' Association. Middle row: F. L. Logan, Major I. Welford MacDonald, and John A. Gills, three representatives of the Province of Nova Scotia. Lower row: Gustave Franco, Louis Guyon, and John Lowe, three of the Quebec delegates.

Turks Ambushed French at Urfa

(A. P. Special Cable.)
Paris, April 28.—Official accounts of the French retreat from Urfa, Asia Minor, confirm the reports that the retreating column was ambushed, although the French held an agreement with the Turks which they believed would ensure a safe retirement.
The French, the official messages show, left Urfa only when food and water were lacking, after a sustained siege of two months by forces equipped with artillery. The French losses in the siege are said to have been small, while the admitted Turkish casualties totaled 500.

FIUME COMPLETELY CUT OFF FROM THE OUTSIDE WORLD

And Post-Aviator is Threatening a Counter-Action.
(A. P. Special Cable.)
Trieste, April 28.—The blockade which Fiume is now undergoing, is threatening counter-action. It has been subjected. The communications of the town have been completely cut off, and the Italian troops are threatening to enter the town. The Italian troops are threatening to enter the town.

CORNER STONE

Mount Hamilton Methodist Church Anniversary.
The corner stone of the new Mount Hamilton Methodist Church will be laid on Saturday next, May 1, at 3 o'clock. Mr. E. S. Hagar, president of the Hamilton City Mission and Church Extension Board, will officiate and Rev. Dr. Spurling, Rev. Dr. Trevelyan, Rev. Dr. Douglas, Rev. J. E. Peters, Rev. F. W. Wilson and Mr. C. L. McElroy, chairman of the Hamilton District, will assist. Rev. C. L. McElroy, chairman of the Hamilton District, will assist. Rev. C. L. McElroy, chairman of the Hamilton District, will assist.



CONSIDERING LABOR LAWS AT OTTAWA. Above photograph shows some of the delegates of the Dominion and various Provinces representing the Government, employers, and Labor of the Dominion.

GENERAL POLISH ADVANCE ON THE BOLSHEVIKI IN UKRAINE

On the first day of their forward movement, they advanced five miles taking them within sixty miles of Kiev. The important towns occupied by the Poles on the first day of their movement included Owerca, Jitomir and Bortshchik, and further south, Winnitsa and Zhytomyr. The Poles are now advancing towards Kiev.

JEWISH RELIEF

Good Subscriptions Coming In By Mail.
Following the appeal of the Canadian Jewish War Relief Committee, many good subscriptions are coming in by mail. The committee is grateful for the support of the Canadian people.

KEEPS OUT MOths AND DUST


To preserve your furs and winter clothes from the ravages of moth and dust, you need a good moth bag. We carry the White Star Moth Bags, which are made of a special material that keeps out moths and dust. They are also made of a special material that keeps out moths and dust.

BARTON HOUSING

Charles Bart, reeve of Barton township, presided at the meeting of the Barton Housing Committee. The committee is working to improve the housing conditions in Barton township.

About the un-puckable Turk, the rest of the world seems to be rather outspoken.

**25 PER CENT.
MORE PENSION**



Begg & Company

Quality First

Cardinal Gibbons

THE very wise, learned, and renowned Cardinal Gibbons said—

THE Salvation Army helps all without question of color, creed, or nation.

TWO ideas govern its service:—
—God and humanity.

The Salvation Army—

308 Citadels and Institutions in this Territory.—
—use them!

TOLD CLERKS TO CUT RETURN

Of Logmen As to Amount of Timber Cut.

Admission at Spanish River Inquiry.

Toronto, April 28.—John A. Ferguson, who through the walking down gave instructions to the foremen in the lumber camps of the Spanish River Lumber Company, admitted yesterday in the inquiry before Messrs. Justice Riddell and Johnston, that he had given instructions through the clerks to take off a percentage of the logmen's returns on amounts of timber cut. He has done this about ten years ago, he said.

Mr. R. T. Harding asked Mr. Ferguson if the clerks had been directed to cut off a certain percentage of the daily returns of the cutting. Mr. Ferguson said he did not think so. "Did they ever deduct five per cent?" asked Mr. Harding. "I think they did," was the answer.

"This had been going on for some years," he said. "No deduction of ten per cent had been made with the knowledge," said the witness.

In reply to questions Mr. Ferguson said that some of the cutters had made returns in his office. As far as he knew, he said, they took the cash from the cutting clerks.

Mr. Harding asked him if it was not true that five per cent of the work was taken off before the return was made in the shanty book that was sent to the Government.

Mr. Ferguson said yes. He said that the percentage as high as 15 or 20 per cent were ever taken off with his knowledge.

Mr. Harding said that Robert O'Brien, former employee of the company, had said that witnesses had told him (O'Brien) to deduct ten per cent. Ferguson answered that this was not what he had told O'Brien.

Witness said he would be surprised to hear of scabers staying away from the work for a month at a time. He never had heard of a scab doing this, he said.

At the conclusion of the examination of W. J. Bell, manager of the company, by Mr. Harding, Mr. Justice Riddell asked a number of questions to get clearly in his mind the questions following in taking timber out of camps to the mills. Mr. Bell and Justice Riddell said that a scab had been a Government certificate, and usually was a workman. Justice Riddell asked if the scab cut pay for the lumber company what he thought the lumber company ought to pay for the timber, and was answered in the affirmative. In his opinion, said witness, the scab was the reliable assistant of the amount of timber taken out. A scab received five dollars a day, he said, and worked about six months in the year.

Justice Riddell worked this out to himself. "A scab with that money charged with that tremendous responsibility," he observed.

Mr. Bell said in his testimony that there were two ways of measuring the timber, the Scribner and the Doyle rule. This accounted, he said, for the fact that when his company had sold 112,000 feet of lumber to the American concern, the report to the government showed only 100,000 feet.

The sale was made by the Scribner rule, and the returns to the government were based on that rule. Mr. Harding brought out that the government was not satisfied with the Doyle rule, and that the returns were much smaller than the returns based on the Scribner rule.

Mr. Bell said that the returns based on the Scribner rule were much smaller than the returns based on the Doyle rule.

BURLINGTON SHOCKED OVER SUDDEN DEATH

John M. Babcock Was a Very Highly Esteemed Resident.

GREAT FISH CATCH

House Building On the Beach is Very Active Just Now.

The death of John M. Babcock, a market gardener, residing on Maple avenue, Burlington, came with a tragic suddenness that shocked the people. About 7.30 o'clock on Monday night he went out to cover up some of his hotbeds and after being out for a short period, his wife went out to see what was delaying his return. Not being able to see him around, Mrs. Babcock went to some of the neighbors to make enquiries if he had gone there. This also proved futile, so a return visit, was made to the hotbeds, where he was found. The doctor was called and said he had been dead about an hour and a half. The cause of death was given as angina pectoris. The deceased had not been in very good health for some time, but the sudden passing of this highly esteemed resident caused great sorrow among those who knew him, as he was well respected and beloved by all. He was an old resident of the town and was 67 years of age. Deceased is survived by his widow and three daughters. The funeral will take place on Thursday, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence on Maple avenue to Greenwood Cemetery.

The fish were running and large catches were reported from the creeks around Burlington last night, when a large number of local young men returned home with enough to feed the whole of the town. There was some report that it was not fresh. "Fish always tastes best on that day," one of the "local" pugilists asserted, "yet we should be glad that we can snap our fingers at the price of pork chops and beef steak for a day at least." The condition of the creek had the weather promise more fish for the day for the district, and a large number will be on hand to get a share of. A few of the city folk will get a taste of these flaky delicacies, as several small quantities were brought in for friends on the early catch.

On Tuesday afternoon, Annie Pierce Jagger, wife of James K. Ferguson, passed away at her late home on Locust street, Burlington, at the age of 38 years, leaving a victim of pleuro-pneumonia. She was highly esteemed and her death is sincerely regretted by the residents of Burlington and district. She is survived by her husband, James, and two daughters, Isabel and Marjory. The funeral will take place on Thursday from her late home on Locust street to Greenwood Cemetery at 2.45.

The Burlington branch of the Victorian Order of Nurses will give a dance in the public library on Thursday evening. This important social affair should be well attended, as the proceeds will go to the funds of the order.

A splendid card party and dance will be held at the Hotel Hamilton on Monday evening for the patronage and staff, as well as for the young folks of Burlington. Mr. Munro supplied the music, and a most enjoyable time was spent by all present.

Home is springing up like mushrooms on the beach, from Beach road to the canal, the extraordinary scarcity of houses for renting makes these "shells" in demand. One concern is quoted as follows: "As we are not a foundation post someone is after the house, and our business is impeded by having to answer so many queries about renting, while building is in progress. This activity will help to solve the problem for the present, but as these are only for the summer, the problem will be reopened for many people again in the fall."

Never mind your age—as measure of your health. How do you feel? That's the "thing that counts!" That's a sprightly old gentleman coming along, his whole appearance the very picture of health, you would say that he is not a day past fifty. "He is young in his mind and in his score years and ten."

Most especially you see the opposite of his type. Men scarcely in their thirties—baggard, listless, weak, downy, and with no interest in life, just dragging out a weary existence, his mind and body worn out. Though young in years, they are nevertheless, old men. Their vital forces are exhausted. They are the "punch and pep." They feel old!

Keep young by keeping your blood fit. Keep your nerves, stomach, bowels, kidneys, and bladder healthy and active. Build up your strength and health. Nothing will accomplish these results better than

PHOSPHONOL

THE GREAT GENERAL TONIC
Just try Phosphonol when you are feeling the least bit sluggish and you will see for yourself how quickly it rejuvenates what a fresh feeling of strength and good health you get. It's a reliable appetizer, a splendid tonic, and a powerful stimulant to strengthen and tone up the entire body.

Phosphonol is sold everywhere. Get Phosphonol to-day. Look for the name on the package and accept no substitutes.

The Scobell Drug Co., Montreal, Canada.

PLAYER'S NAVY CUT CIGARETTES



10 for 18 cents
20 for 35 cents

"More Sold Than All Other Brands Combined"

Preferred by Leaders of Men—

Wherever you go—Canada, England, India, any part of the Empire—leaders in the business world, in the social world, in the athletic world all smoke Player's Navy Cut Cigarettes!

They prefer Player's, because in no other Virginia cigarette at any price can they find such perfect cigarette satisfaction.

Among smokers, a cigarette is judged by its smoothness, its fragrance, its mildness and its CONSISTENT high quality.

That is why men prefer Player's!

WHAT FOCH SAID TO THE GERMANS

When the Party Seeking Armistice Appeared.

Told by 'Captain X,' of French Army.

New York, April 27.—Germany's appeal for an armistice on November 11, 1918 met with the laconic reply: "I have no terms." From Marshal Foch to Erberger and the other plenipotentiaries, according to Raymond Beccoli (Captain X), French biographer of Foch and Joffre, in an article entitled "What Foch Really Said" which will be published in the May issue of Scribner's Magazine out tomorrow.

Captain Beccoli, describing the historic scene of the morning of November 11, when the generalissimo of the Allied forces, attended by a few members of his staff, agreed the document in a railway dining car in a forest near Rethoude, a town between Cambes and Soissons, declared "the light of dawn seemed to fill the German envoys with joy."

The radio from the Germans asking for "a cessation of hostilities in the name of humanity," was received by

Foch shortly after midnight on the 11th and at 1.30 a.m. on the 12th. Foch sent back his answer. The German plenipotentiaries will have to go to the outpost on the main road from Manbeug-le-Capelle-Quin.

From this point they were brought by delayed stage to Rethoude, which they reached about 7 o'clock in the morning. Two hours later they were in the presence of the commander of the conquering Allied armies.

"There was a cold salute," says Captain Beccoli, "a bow in return, no presentations. The Germans took their place at the table in the dining car, where their names were written, and the formalities of the officers seemed embarrassed and upset. Not so the civilians who did not seem to care at all. They talked familiarly together; it was impossible to believe that their country's fate was hanging in the balance, and that they were there to sign the most colossal capitulation the world had ever seen."

Foch's piercing, even, gruff voice and calm manner were impressive, he said. The Germans replied, "What the object of your visit?" he asked. Then followed this dialogue:

"Erberger: We have come to inquire into the terms of an armistice to be concluded on land, on sea and in the air."

"Foch: I have no terms to submit to you."

Count Oberndorf, the diplomatist in the German party, interceded: "If the Marshal prefers, we may say that we are here to learn the conditions on which the Allies would be willing to grant an armistice."

"Foch: I have no terms."

Erberger, drawing forth a glass, said: "President Wilson has informed our government that Marshal Foch has been invested with the power of submitting the Allies' conditions to the German plenipotentiaries."

"Foch: I will let you know the Allies' conditions when you have asked for an armistice. Do you ask for an armistice?"

"Ja!" exclaimed Oberndorf and Erberger together.

"Foch: In that case I will read you the terms drawn up by the Allied government. He sat down and the reading began. It lasted an hour, for the document had to be translated. The Germans pleaded for an immediate suspension of hostilities and for time to permit the Berlin government to examine the terms. Again Foch spoke:

"I am but the mouthpiece of the Allied governments. It is those governments that have drawn up the conditions of the armistice limiting the delay to 72 hours duration. I have, therefore, no power to suspend hostilities without their authorization."

The Germans at once dispatched a messenger to Spa, with credentials and the request that his journey to Berlin be "facilitated." When the messenger reached the German outpost, it is related, the troops were so demoralized that they fired upon his flying flag. Promiscuous volley firing continued and the emissary was unable to reach his destination until the next day.

Meanwhile the German envoys had notified Foch of their difficulty and Foch agreed to permit them to send a German officer to Berlin by airplane. A plane was equipped and ready for the flight when word was received that the messenger had reached Berlin.

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THE TIMES

Will be pleased to talk business with you. Phone 368.

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TORONTO TO VANCOUVER
IN EIGHTY-EIGHT HOURS
Fort William in 26, Winnipeg in 37, Calgary in 61, and Vancouver in 88 hours.
The fastest transcontinental train between terminals in America; saves a business day for passengers to Winnipeg and all cities to the Pacific Coast.
Leaves Toronto (Union Station) at 9:00 p.m. daily
For Standard Sleeping-Car Passengers Only
For reservation apply to any agents of the
CANADIAN PACIFIC
General Change of Time, May 2, 1920

When you eat let it be the best

WAGSTAFF'S
Real Seville
Orange Marmalade
All Orange and Sugar—No Camellins.
Bottled with care in Silver Pans.
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

Choir
Girls
AND THEY CAN SING

DON'T MISS THIS
CLEVER PAGE BY
WESTERMAN
— IN —
SATURDAY'S TIMES

"Did you like it? Oh, I'm so glad. But you weren't here last Sunday. I was in better voice than I have been for months, really."

RECONSTRUCTED
IN "THE NEST"

One of the Salvation
Army's Activities.
Fifty-two Happy Children
There Now.

Fifty-two children are at present in residence at "The Nest," a haven established by the Salvation Army for children who, rescued from unhappy and dangerous surroundings in this home these little ones, usually from a hundred to a hundred and fifty, are finding comfort, protection, and motherly care. From all parts of the city and other lands letters are received from young women breathing life into the agency which lifted them from unmentionable circumstances, and not only taught them the duties of the home, but trained their feet in the way of righteousness and truth, and sent them home and fitted for a useful career.

"The Nest" is ideally situated. The home itself is a spacious one with large, airy bed-rooms while the large hall is a never-ending source of comfort to them.

A one-time greenhouse has been changed and fitted up for the use of the children, requiring open-air treatment, an isolation ward does away with the fear of infection in case of epidemic, and the dining-room with its small tables, the nursery with its beds of toys, and a well-fitted book-room, is homelike to a fine degree.

There is also a small room set apart for the use of girls who have gone to the city, and who prefer to spend their leisure hours at "The Nest." The children come from all kinds of backgrounds, many of them being rescued from the police-court, and some are the result of a child's own misdeeds, and a half years of age can be as intelligent as six and as old as a practical thief, but such are

some of the "problems" being dealt with by the Warden of the home—and being dealt with effectively as results have shown. After leaving school, which they usually do when fourteen years of age, the children receive in the home two years' training, which includes housework, the making of garments, and the latter must be indeed valuable for all the clothing worn by the children is made on the premises, including even their winter coats. During the last few years two or three very poor mothers have been admitted to "The Nest," it being felt that the baby atmosphere was good for the older girls, and at the same time it afforded an opportunity for practical training in babycraft.

While the majority of the girls go to domestic service, the Home Mother is ever on the look-out for those who are fitted for other spheres of labor. Several of the Nestlings—or rather fledglings—are filling excellent positions as private secretaries, the Ladies' Auxiliary and the active members with particular interest in the evening entertainment. All members are cordially invited. Constance and Mrs. Halstead will entertain the members with one of the most mystifying acts that has been seen in this city. Come and see the "The Nest" meeting.

V. OF F.
Two Events Announced for Near Future.

The next meeting of the Veterans of France organization will be held on Thursday night, April 29, at 8 p.m. The meeting will take the place of an entertainment. The Ladies' Auxiliary and the active members will both participate in a card party and entertainment. All members are cordially invited. Constance and Mrs. Halstead will entertain the members with one of the most mystifying acts that has been seen in this city. Come and see the "The Nest" meeting.

The Grand annual meeting will be held on Monday, May 3rd, at 8 p.m. A first class sketch party has been arranged for the evening. Be early. During the intervals the President of the V.O.F. will give on the recent trip to Ottawa.

SHIP CONTROL
DISCUSSED IN
PARLIAMENT
Bill to Place Them Under
Control of Dominion Rail-
way Commissioners.

BILL ATTACKED
Bitter Criticism of the Can-
ada Steamship Company
as a War Baby.

Ottawa, April 27.—Parliament is decidedly opposed to a proposal made by J. E. Armstrong (East Lambton) to place under the control of the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners vessels engaged on the inland waters, and in the coastwise trade. This bill, which J. W. Jacoby was anxious enough to refer to as a "nearly personal" bill, is to amend the act in 1912-13. Whereas at the time of the merger the company had a capital of \$1,000,000, it now had assets of \$2,000,000. This was due, he said, to excessive freight rates. The company was now charging 10 cents more a bushel for carrying grain on the Great Lakes than they should.

Edmund Bristol (Centre Toronto) defended the steamship companies, and explained that the profits had been made on selling vessels for ocean trade. OLD ARGUMENTS OVERCOME. Mr. Armstrong stated that every argument used against the bill had been used in the past. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill.

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LANKA
A Tea Surprise
is awaiting you in your
cup of Lanka.
You'll acclaim at the
rich sparkling color, the
inviting aroma. The
rich, smooth flavor is
the crowning delight.

A Tea Surprise
is awaiting you in your
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This perfection is due
both to quality and skill
in blending. Lanka
comes from the hill
country of Ceylon—is
the choicest growth of
British gardens.

WM. BRAID & CO.
Vancouver, Canada

LANKA
A Tea Surprise
is awaiting you in your
cup of Lanka.
You'll acclaim at the
rich sparkling color, the
inviting aroma. The
rich, smooth flavor is
the crowning delight.

He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill. He pointed out that the bill was not a "personal" bill, but a "public" bill.

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CAPTURE RISH
POLICE BARRACK
Ballyander Force Surrendered
After Three Hours.
Five Killed, Seven Wounded,
in Recent Raids.

Tipperary, Ireland, April 27.—The Ballyander police barracks in County Limerick surrendered to 100 men who assaulted it with rifles and explosives this morning. The siege lasted 24 hours.

The victors seized arms, ammunition and bicycles belonging to the garrison and burned the barracks. Three policemen and one of the attacking party were wounded.

FIVE KILLED, SEVEN WOUNDED
Dublin, April 27.—Five were killed and seven wounded in raids and during the past two days in various Irish towns.

A soldier was shot in a conflict with civilians at Limerick, while in disturbances at Arklow the son of a policeman was killed by a strike of Irish workmen. The shooting of the "hunger strikers" in the Workhouse jail has become a nightly event.

The Lord Mayor of Liverpool received a deputation representing the Irish Societies, who threatened that unless the Sinn Féin prisoners were released the strike of Irish workmen would continue for two weeks. These workers in Liverpool numbered 11,000.

CLOSE VIEW OF
CONTINENTIONS IN
EUROPE TO-DAY
Cyrus H. McCormick Has
Just Been Over the
Territory.

EXCHANGE VALUES
American Interest Best
Served by Return of
the Normal.

Cyrus H. McCormick, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the International Harvester Company, just returned from a European trip of several months, in which he visited England, France, Italy and Belgium, was met with requests by the press for a statement about conditions abroad. The following is a copy of Mr. McCormick's statement:

"Personal observation in the principal European countries convinces me that all of the magnitude and extent of the lack of normal conditions. This almost superhuman work has been undertaken with a hopeful courage that still the spirit of everyone witnessing these efforts."

"Farmers with lands laid waste and buildings all but obliterated; workers without employment and often without any home; the unemployed, big and little, whose industries and enterprises were swallowed up by the war, are struggling to get back to where they were before the war. It is not to be expected that the fundamental human law is holding true—broad individuals and peoples are not seeking new homes, new occupations, new opportunities, but are trying to get back to where they were before the war."

"Even if America's commercial interests were not in a large measure inseparably bound up with the destinies of the world, common humanity would demand that we should do every possible way. Their need and our abundance leave but one answer to our question: 'What can we do?'"

"Of all the suffering countries of the world, none is in such a serious plight as Austria. From the point of view of conditions there have not been overthrown and picture. By the thousands, Austria's people are dying for want of food, the weakest first—the children, the aged, the physically infirm. If the extent of this tragedy had been realized in America, the appropriation asked from Congress for the relief of these starving people would not have been reduced or delayed."

"One of the greatest obstacles to a return to normal international conditions is the world-wide disturbance of exchange values. With American money at such a premium, and European prices at such high levels, and the European production of exportable goods so low, it is not easy to furnish Europe with what we can supply and what she needs. Here is the supply and there is the demand, but between us is a barrier of prohibitive exchange values. It is inevitable that exchange should be upset when the war was over and the world began trying to get back to a business basis. Possibly it is only natural that, among the peoples suffering from this situation, there should be in some quarters a feeling that America is seeking to take advantage of her strong position in the world market."

"I am sure that the American people are feeling that America is seeking to take advantage of her strong position in the world market. I am sure that the American people are feeling that America is seeking to take advantage of her strong position in the world market. I am sure that the American people are feeling that America is seeking to take advantage of her strong position in the world market."

"No impartial observer of conditions in the European world can escape the conviction that they want and need the League of Nations, and the United States actively participating in it on whatever terms are secure and sound. I am sure that the American people are feeling that America is seeking to take advantage of her strong position in the world market."

"The French factory near Lille, was stripped of machinery during the four years of German occupation. Despite excessive costs and many difficulties, we have rebuilt and re-equipped it. This factory should materially assist in furnishing the farmers of France with the tools needed to put their country on a better basis of self-sufficiency."

"In all the allied countries the men of wisdom and power in public and private affairs agree that there is but one cure for present economic conditions—the League of Nations. They are calling on citizens who may be interested in the practical understanding of the League of Nations, to work on behalf of the League of Nations. They are calling on citizens who may be interested in the practical understanding of the League of Nations, to work on behalf of the League of Nations. They are calling on citizens who may be interested in the practical understanding of the League of Nations, to work on behalf of the League of Nations."

It is comparatively easy matter to understand why they come. What gives us a wrench is to say good-bye as they go.

Lace and Embroidery Week
Tomorrow, the fourth day, presents two new offerings reduced in price for Thursday only.
200 yds.
COTTON CLUNA LACES AND INSERTIONS.
Thursday 25c
Reg. 30c yd.
2 1/2 to 4 1/2 in. wide.
100 yds.
VERY DAINTY SWISS EMBROIDERIES.
Thursday 5c
Reg. 8c yd.
One inch wide.
Real Laces, Cotton Laces and Insertions, Tab Laces, Embroidery Flouncings and Edgings—fresh, new lines
—ALL AT SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS DURING THIS WEEK ONLY.
—Right House, Street Floor.

COMING!
The Sale Event of the Season
Annual Profit-Sharing Sale
Important Specials in all Departments
Phone R. 3700. Store Hours, 9 to 5; Saturday, 9 to 6. Est. 1843.

Thomas C. Watkins, Limited
The Right House
Hamilton's Favorite Shopping Place

TREACHEROUS REDS.
Would Crush Denkin's Men While Parleying.
London, April 27.—General Wrangel, who is attempting to hold together the shattered forces of Gen. Denkin in the Crimea until they are secured of protection, reported to British official quarters to-day that he had been able to reorganize the men sufficiently to withstand the isolated Bolshevik attacks.

Other reports received here indicate that the Bolsheviks are preparing for a general attack, hoping further to crush Denkin's followers before Great Britain's demand for their protection is recognized by the Russian Soviet Government. Nonwithstanding reports from Moscow that the Bolsheviks will accede to Denkin's demand that the Denkin troops be afforded protection, the British Government is still unsatisfied with the replies received from the Soviet Government, and is awaiting a definite answer to its last note, which requested a yes or no answer.

"You must have seen some trait in me to admire," said Mr. Newman, "for you wouldn't have married me. I did," replied his wife, "your selfish nerve in wanting to be my husband." —Pearson's Weekly.
It sometimes requires more than a mathematical calculation for the rounding to square himself.

Skin Troubles
Soothed
With Cuticura

We Make Your Printing Demand Attention
To-day your printed matter must reflect the character of your business. It must make a genuine appeal to your customers. No mere printer can do this. This is where the TIMES JOB ROOM SERVICE SHOULD ENTER INTO YOUR PROGRAMME.
We back our printing with brains, devote your plan of action, prepare your copy and art work, and execute the whole to the end that your printing demands attention. Quality and service our motto.

Let the TIMES Figure on Your Next Job, Large or Small
Phone Regent 840 and Our Representative Will Call

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